

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL AND OF THE SUPPLIER

As of the revision date above, this SDS meets the regulations in Malaysia.

### PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

**Product Name:** PARVAN 1320  
**Product Description:** Paraffinic Hydrocarbons  
**Product Code:** 401010301083, 792085-87

### RECOMMENDED USE OF THE CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE

**Recommended Use:** Wax  
**Restrictions on Use:** None unless specified elsewhere in this SDS.

### SUPPLIER DETAILS

**Supplier:** ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd. (Company No.: 196800312N)  
1 Harbour Front Place  
#06-00 Harbour Front Tower One 098633 Singapore

**24 Hour Emergency Telephone** 1-800-815-308 / +1-703-527-3887

**Supplier General Contact** (+65) 6885 8000

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see SDS Section 15).

### Other hazard information:

### PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Thermal burn hazard - contact with hot material may cause thermal burns.

### HEALTH HAZARDS

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. When heated, the vapour/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the recommended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

### SECTION 3 COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION OF THE INGREDIENTS OF THE HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL

This material is defined as a mixture.

**No Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure.**

### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If burned by contact with hot material, molten material adhering to skin should be cooled as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance.

#### INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

None

### SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish flames.

**Inappropriate Extinguishing Media:** Straight streams of water

#### FIRE FIGHTING

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides, Wax fumes

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

**Flash Point [Method]:** 204°C (399°F) [ASTM D-92]

---

**Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air):** LEL: N/D UEL: N/D  
**Autoignition Temperature:** N/D

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 6 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 5 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: half-face or full-face respirator with combined dust/organic vapor filter(s) or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that provide chemical resistance and, when necessary, heat-resistance and/or thermal insulation are recommended. Note: gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic and, if necessary, heat resistant and thermal insulated material is recommended.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Land Spill:** Allow spilled material to solidify and shovel it up into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Skim from surface

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

## SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

### PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

When heated, the vapour/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. In liquid state, material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include

Product Name: PARVAN 1320  
 Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020  
 Page 4 of 10

American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material in the liquid state is a static accumulator.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

**CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES**

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

**Storage Temperature:** < 75°C (167°F)

**SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**CONTROL PARAMETERS**

**EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

| Substance Name | Form  | Limit/Standard |         | Note | Source       |
|----------------|-------|----------------|---------|------|--------------|
| Wax fumes      | Fume. | PEL            | 2 mg/m3 |      | Malaysia PEL |
| Wax fumes      | Fume. | TWA            | 2 mg/m3 |      | ACGIH        |

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

**Biological limits**

No biological limits allocated.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded.

**PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a

Product Name: PARVAN 1320

Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020

Page 5 of 10

level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.  
Particulate

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

If product is hot, thermally protective, chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet style gloves. Nitrile, Viton

**Eye Protection:** If contact with material may occur, safety glasses and face shield are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

If product is hot, thermally protective, chemical resistant apron and long sleeves are recommended.

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Note:** Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

### GENERAL INFORMATION

**Physical State:** Solid  
**Colour:** Colourless  
**Odour:** Mild  
**Odour Threshold:** N/D

### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

**Relative Density (at 15 °C):** 0.8  
**Flammability (Solid, Gas):**  
**Flash Point [Method]:** 204°C (399°F) [ASTM D-92]  
**Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air):** LEL: N/D UEL: N/D  
**Autoignition Temperature:** N/D  
**Boiling Point / Range:** > 315°C (599°F) [Estimated]  
**Decomposition Temperature:** N/D  
**Vapour Density (Air = 1):** N/D  
**Vapour Pressure:** < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C [Estimated]  
**Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1):** N/D

Product Name: PARVAN 1320  
 Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020  
 Page 6 of 10

**pH:** N/A  
**Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient):** > 6 [Estimated]  
**Solubility in Water:** Negligible  
**Viscosity:** [N/A at 40°C] | 3.5 cSt (3.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec) at 100°C  
**Oxidizing Properties:** See Hazards Identification Section.

**OTHER INFORMATION**

**Freezing Point:** N/D  
**Melting Point:** 56°C (133°F)

**SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**REACTIVITY:** See sub-sections below.

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Strong oxidisers

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

**POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS**

| <b>Hazard Class</b>   | <b>Conclusion / Remarks</b>   |
|---|---|
| <b>Inhalation</b>   |   |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.   | Not determined.   |
| Irritation: No end point data for material.   | Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.                          |
| <b>Ingestion</b>  |   |
| Acute Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 5000 mg/kg<br>Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.              | Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 420                                   |
| <b>Skin</b>   |   |
| Acute Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg<br>Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.           | Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402                                       |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation (Rabbit): Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.     | Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 |
| <b>Eye</b>  |   |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation (Rabbit): Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification. | May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405      |
| <b>Sensitisation</b>  |   |
| Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data  | Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.  |

Product Name: PARVAN 1320

Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020

Page 7 of 10

|   |  |
|---|--|
| for material.   |  |
| Skin Sensitization: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.     | Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406   |
| Aspiration: Data available.   | Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.   |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification. | Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 473 474 476                                 |
| Carcinogenicity: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.        | Not expected to cause cancer. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 453   |
| Reproductive Toxicity: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.  | Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414 421                                     |
| Lactation: No end point data for material.  | Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.   |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)   |  |
| Single Exposure: No end point data for material.  | Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.   |
| Repeated Exposure: Data available. Test scores or other study results do not meet criteria for classification.      | Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 410 411 453 |

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**For the product itself:** Petroleum wax: Not carcinogenic in lifetime animal skin painting or oral feeding studies. Did not cause mutations in vitro. High oral doses in one rat strain (F-344) resulted in microscopic inflammatory changes (microgranulomas) in liver, spleen, and lymph nodes, some increased organ weights, inflammation of the cardiac mitral valve, and accumulation of saturated mineral hydrocarbons in certain tissues. Non-sensitizing in animal tests and human subjects.

#### IARC Classification:

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1

2 = IARC 2A

3 = IARC 2B

### SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

#### MOBILITY IN SOIL

Hydrocarbon component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

#### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Product Name: PARVAN 1320  
Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020  
Page 8 of 10

---

**Biodegradation:**

Hydrocarbon component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

**BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL**

Hydrocarbon component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

**OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS**

No adverse effects are expected.

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

**DISPOSAL METHODS**

Suitable routes of disposal are supervised incineration, preferentially with energy recovery, or appropriate recycling methods in accordance with applicable regulations and material characteristics at the time of disposal.

**REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. **DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.**

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**LAND :** Not Regulated for Land Transport

**SEA (IMDG):** Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

**Marine Pollutant:** No

**AIR (IATA):** Not Regulated for Air Transport

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**This material is not hazardous as defined by the Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labeling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013.**

**REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

Product Name: PARVAN 1320

Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020

Page 9 of 10

---

**Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories (May contain substance(s) subject to notification to the EPA Active TSCA inventory prior to import to USA):** AIIC, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TSCA

**National Laws and Regulations:**

Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations 2000

|                                     |
|-------------------------------------|
| <b>SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION</b> |
|-------------------------------------|

**List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:**

| <b>Acronym</b> | <b>Full text</b>   |
|----------------|--|
| N/A            | Not applicable   |
| N/D            | Not determined   |
| NE             | Not established  |
| VOC            | Volatile Organic Compound  |
| AIIC           | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals   |
| AIHA WEEL      | American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits                  |
| ASTM           | ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)    |
| DSL            | Domestic Substance List (Canada)   |
| EINECS         | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances   |
| ELINCS         | European List of Notified Chemical Substances  |
| ENCS           | Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)  |
| IECSC          | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China   |
| KECI           | Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory  |
| NDSL           | Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)  |
| NZIoC          | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals   |
| PICCS          | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances  |
| TLV            | Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)                |
| TSCA           | Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)  |
| UVCB           | Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials |
| LC             | Lethal Concentration   |
| LD             | Lethal Dose  |
| LL             | Lethal Loading   |
| EC             | Effective Concentration  |
| EL             | Effective Loading  |
| NOEC           | No Observable Effect Concentration   |
| NOELR          | No Observable Effect Loading Rate  |

**THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:**

HT LUBRICANT SENDIRIAN BERHAD (646137-M): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was deleted.  
MOBILUB TRADING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (514125-H): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was deleted.  
OPTIMUM FLUIDS MARKETING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (668909-D): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was deleted.  
TIMUR LUBE SDN. BHD. (806793-H): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was deleted.

---

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of ExxonMobil's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current available from ExxonMobil. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer

Product Name: PARVAN 1320

Revision Date: 10 Sep 2020

Page 10 of 10

---

repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, re-publication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. The term, "ExxonMobil" is used for convenience, and may include any one or more of ExxonMobil Chemical Company, Exxon Mobil Corporation, or any affiliates in which they directly or indirectly hold any interest.

---

DGN: 2025576XMY (1014147)

---